

wife of James Parham, Sr. Peter Randolph Jr. mentions in his will a son, Harrison and a granddaughter, Susannah. There were three George Randolphs in Sussex, during that period:—the father, brother and youngest son of Peter Randolph, Jr., all being named George. I would like very much to know just how Peter Randolph, Sr. was related to my ancestors, Peter Randolph, Jr. and George the first and George, the third. The deeds in Book A are dated 1752, 1754 and 1757.

A marriage bond in Sussex County, gives one instance of the Tucker relationship:—"Robert Tucker & Mary Ann Parham, Sept. 2, 1772, Securities, Robert Tucker of Prince George and Stith Parham of Sussex." Then there is this Sussex County record:—"Robert Tucker of County of Dinwiddie is justly indebted to Peter Randolph of County of Sussex for 500 pounds current money of Virginia, March 6, 1762. The condition of the above obligation is such that if the above named Robert Tucker doth quit all claims from 2 negroes, Linn & Jude, now in possession of Peter Randolph, etc." Book B, page 321, recorded Aug. 19, 1762.

I would like to know if James Parham, Sr. was the son of Captain William Parham, who died in 1758 and who married Ann Stith.

The Sussex and Brunswick lists of wills and marriage bonds, show a large number of Parhams.

The birth date of Josephine Marion Randolph was August 6, 1853, this was omitted on page 320, paragraph 10 of October, 1929, Quarterly.

Her father's plantation was originally in Lowndes County, Miss., but when the County lines between Lowndes, Oktibbeha and Clay were permanently fixed, the Randolph plantation extended into all three counties, which is confusing. The U. S. Census 1850, places Joseph Tucker Randolph in Lowndes County, his mother, Lucretia Randolph, aged 66, living in his home.

Additions to & Corrections of data given on Pages 318-21 of October, 1929, number of Quarterly. *

The will of Thomas Chappell, third was found in Lunenburg County. It was signed Feb. 19, 1788 and proved October 14, 1790—mentions wife, Mary; Sons—James, Thomas, William and John; daughters—Mary Clay and Anne Robertson; grandchildren—Thomas Chappell Clay, Wilmoth Fowler, Sarah Fowler, Mary Briggs Fowler, William Malone, Thomas Malone, Mary Malone and Rebecca Malone. The Malone children spoken of as "my four grandchildren, my daughter Anne Robertson had by Daniel Malone." He appointed his sons Thomas and William Chappell, Executors.

This will proves that Rev. John Chappell was the brother of Thomas Chappell, the fourth. This fact is also indicated by numerous deeds, gifts of land from Thomas Chappell, third to Rev. John Chappell. The will of Thomas Chappell, third shows that he was prosperous, owning much land and many slaves.

A very interesting record has been found, proving that the name of the wife of Thomas Chappell, third, was Mary Bonner. "Ind. March 24, 1764, Between Mary Bonner of Sussex and Thomas Chappell & Mary, his wife of Southampton, for the love she bore to her son-in-law, Thomas Chappell & Mary, his wife—gift negro girl, Judith." Sussex County, Book 3, page 69. The will of the mother-in-law, Mary Bonner, was proved in Sussex County, May 17, 1770. Book B, page 229.

The will of James Jones was proved in Prince George County, May 12, 1719. He mentions his wife, Sarah Jones and her two sons by a former marriage; he leaves most of his property to his son, James Jones, Jr., making him Executor; he mentions daughters—Mary Dardin, Elizabeth, Han-

*See Volume I of this work, pp. 729-733.

na, Rebecca; grandchildren—Eliza Glover, James Jones, Thomas Chappell, Jane Cocke, daughter of John Cocke.

Some very reliable genealogists state that the first wife of James Chappell (1694-1769) was Elizabeth Briggs and that her mother was a Howell, the wife of Henry Briggs (b. 1662 died 1739) of Southwark Parish, Surry County. This Henry Briggs was the son of another Henry Briggs (b. 1635 died 1685) of Surry County & his wife, Mary. James Chappell was Vestryman of Albemarle Parish and Sheriff of Sussex County. In the Abstract of his will given on page 319, October, 1929, Quarterly, the name of one of his daughters should be Rebeckah Northington. James Chappell had a brother-in-law, Captain Howell Briggs (1709-1775), whose son Gray Briggs, represented Sussex County in House of Burgesses in 1756-58.

There is a record in Surry County, showing that Henry Briggs of Surry conveyed by deed of gift to James Chappell of the same County, a tract of land in 1744. In 1754 the part of Surry, where James Chappell lived, was organized into Sussex.

I am very sorry that there were so many errors in the data sent into the Quarterly. It goes to show how little one can depend on Family Tradition and how misleading Abstracts are, when copied by a careless person. Since getting the certified copies of wills and marriage bonds, I find that there were several important omissions in the Abstracts sent me from Sussex County:

Thomas Chappell, (1749-1823) called the 4th, married Elizabeth Malone August 20, 1772. Daniel Malone, Security. There is a note from the father of Elizabeth Malone, William Malone, giving consent to the marriage of "my daughter, Eliza Malone, an infant, under age." Teste, Daniel Malone and Michael Malone.

The name of one of the daughters, Ann Owen, was omitted from the Abstract of will of Thomas Chappell, who died in 1823.

It is definitely proved that the Sussex County Malones are not descended from James Malone; but they are descended from William Malone, whose will was proved in Surry County, October 16, 1745; mentions wife Ann, Ex.; Sons—William & John; daughters—Elizabeth, Sarah, Anne, Amy, Hannah, Agnes and Milley. The will of his older son William Malone was proved in Sussex County August 18, 1774. He mentions his wife, Mary Malone; Sons—Nathaniel, Daniel, William & Michael; daughters—Frances Oliver, Lucy Mahaney and Mary Malone; Granddaughter, Mary Chappell; Executors, sons, Nathaniel & Daniel. This Mary Chappell was the oldest daughter of Thomas & Elizabeth (Malone) Chappell. She married her cousin, Thomas Chappell Malone, son of Daniel Malone.

The Abstract of the will of John Malone, younger son, of William Malone (died 1745) as given on page 320 of October, 1929, Quarterly, is correct, except that the daughter is called Elizabeth Malone in the will, proving that she was unmarried in 1793 and so could not have been the Elizabeth Malone, married to Thomas Chappell in 1772.

On Page 320 of October, 1929, Quarterly, there are errors in paragraphs six & seven, the name Thomas Chappell should be substituted for Thomas Chappell Malone. Mary, daughter of Thomas Chappell married her cousin, Thomas Chappell Malone, evidently named for her father.

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. 3, page 154: "There is a bond, dated June 8, 1681 from Robert Randall (a name sometimes spelled in the records Randolph) who was about to marry Mary, widow of Col. Thomas Swann."